

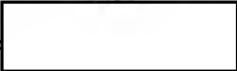
~~TOP SECRET~~



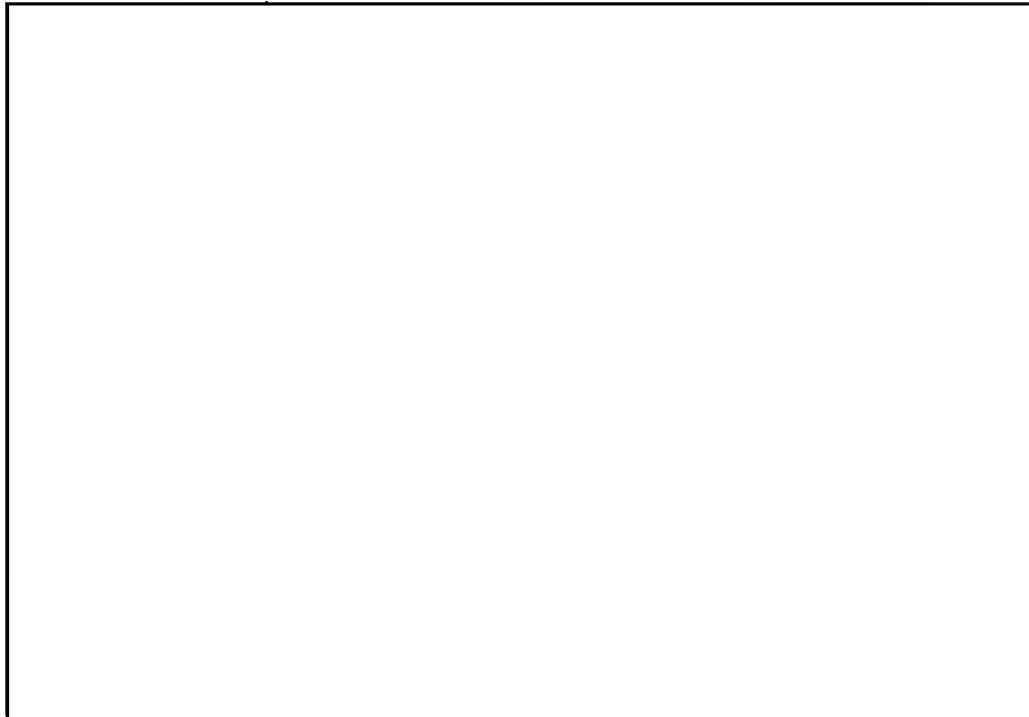
13 March 1956

Copy No. 103

CURRENT INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

DOCUMENT NO. 45
NO CHANGE IN CLASS ☒
☐ DECLASSIFIED
CLASS. CHANGED TO: TS S C
NEXT REVIEW DATE: 2010
AUTH: HR 70-2
DATE: 14 Jan 80 REVIEWER 

OFFICE OF CURRENT INTELLIGENCE
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY



State Dept., JCS reviews completed.

~~TOP SECRET~~

25X1

Approved For Release 2002/10/21 : CIA-RDP79T00975A002400470001-3

Approved For Release 2002/10/21 : CIA-RDP79T00975A002400470001-3

25X1A

Approved For Release 2002/10/21 : CIA-RDP79T00975A002400470001-3

CONTENTS

1. CHINESE NATIONALIST HARASSMENT OF MAINLAND
REPORTED

25X1A

2. MOLLET WINS CONFIDENCE VOTES WITH COMMUNIST
SUPPORT

25X1A

- 25X1A 3. UPRISING IN CITY OF ALGIERS REPORTED IMMINENT

4. SIHANOUK'S VIEWS ON CAMBODIAN RELATIONS WITH
COMMUNIST BLOC

25X1A

5. AUSTRALIA'S TRADE COMMISSIONER IN HONG KONG TO
VISIT COMMUNIST CHINA

25X1A

25X1A

25X1A

Approved For Release 2002/10/21 : CIA-RDP79T00975A002400470001-3

25X1A

Approved For Release 2002/10/21 : CIA-RDP79T00975A002400470001-3

1. CHINESE NATIONALIST HARASSMENT OF MAINLAND REPORTED

25X1A



A Chinese Nationalist frigate and minesweeper fired about 100 shells shortly after midnight on 11 March at Communist radar and artillery positions near Tinghai, on the Peiling Peninsula north of Matsu.

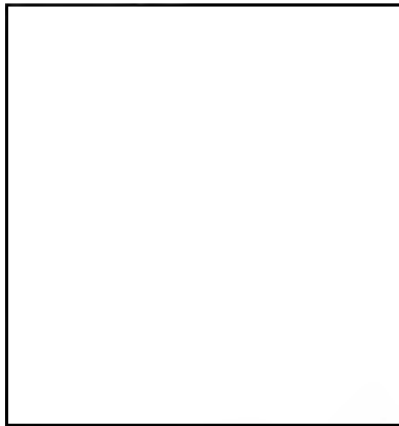
The American Pacific Fleet reports that the Nationalists meanwhile are continuing their "harassing" artillery fire in the Quemoy area, with the Communists apparently firing only in retaliation.

25X1

Comment

The Nationalist navy also shelled Communist positions on the Peiling Peninsula in mid-February in one of its rare attacks on mainland targets. The Communists have termed such attacks "provocative." Retaliatory action could include sneak attacks on Nationalist naval patrols in the Matsu area and heavy artillery fire against the Quemoy.

2. MOLLET WINS CONFIDENCE VOTES WITH COMMUNIST SUPPORT



25X1A

The National Assembly's overwhelming support of Premier Mollet's request for extraordinary powers will give the French government a temporary respite to begin implementation of its Algerian policy. The government can now be expected to increase its military effort. At the same time it will attempt to win Moslem support by seeking to put into immediate effect its announced program of economic, administrative, and social reform for Algeria.

The Communists, probably believing that the government's policy will end in failure, were willing to reverse their stand on Algerian independence and support the government rather than jeopardize their popular front objective. Soviet ambassador Vinogradov told a high French Foreign Ministry official on 7 March that the USSR supports continued French presence in North Africa. Vinogradov made no reply when the Frenchman asked: "Isn't it because you Russians would prefer to have a weak France in that strategic area rather than let it fall under the influence of the US?"

25X1A

Approved For Release 2002/10/21 : CIA-RDP79T00975A002400470001-3

3. UPRISING IN CITY OF ALGIERS REPORTED IMMINENT

25X1A

A general uprising in the city of Algiers, is expected within the next two weeks, [redacted]

25X1

25X1

[redacted] Tension and terrorist acts by both nationalists and French settlers are developing in the cities of Constantine, Bone and Bougie.

25X1

25X1A

The continued successes of the nationalists appear to be convincing a growing number of Algerian Moslems that it might be possible to oust the French and take control.

25X1A

The liberal French mayor of Algiers has urgently requested American support to launch a "third force" to protect the "vast liberal majority" against the extremists among both the Europeans and nationalists. He claims that Algerian nationalists have pleaded with him "to do something." [redacted]

25X1

Comment

25X1

On 11 March a mob of young Moslems for the first time attacked Frenchmen in Algiers. While no casualties occurred, more serious incidents are probable.

13 Mar 56

Current Intelligence Bulletin

Page 5

25X1A

Approved For Release 2002/10/21 : CIA-RDP79T00975A002400470001-3

4. SIHANOUK'S VIEWS ON CAMBODIAN RELATIONS
WITH COMMUNIST BLOC

25X1A

[REDACTED] Cambodian premier Sihanouk told Ambassador McClintock on 8 March that on his recent trip to Peiping he had been wary on the question of Chinese Communist economic assistance to Cambodia and on Moscow's desire to establish diplomatic relations. Sihanouk said the Chinese had repeatedly expressed willingness to give economic assistance with no strings attached and to purchase rice and rubber against payment in any currency desired.

25X1

[REDACTED]

McClintock comments that the Chinese may be trying to "booby trap" the American aid program for Cambodia by their offers to buy rubber. Peiping undoubtedly calculates that if American aid to Cambodia is cut off because of the Battle Act, Sihanouk would be forced to turn to the USSR or Communist China.

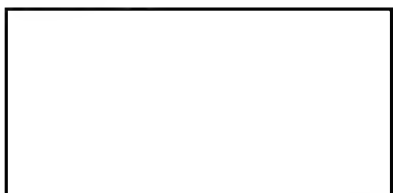
Comment Sihanouk has said he doubts Cambodia can avoid recognition of the USSR. He will almost certainly be subjected to continued overtures from Peiping regarding the clause of his joint communiqué with Chou which calls for development of contacts "particularly in the economic and cultural fields."

25X1A

Approved For Release 2002/10/21 : CIA-RDP79T00975A002400470001-3

5. AUSTRALIA'S TRADE COMMISSIONER IN HONG KONG TO VISIT COMMUNIST CHINA

25X1A



The Australian trade commissioner in Hong Kong, H. C. Menzies, is scheduled to leave for a two-week visit to Communist China on 16 March on the invitation of the Chinese Com-



munists. The American consul general in Hong Kong comments that Menzies probably hopes to conclude wool contracts with the Chinese. The Australian representative in Hong Kong informed the American consul general that no political significance should be attached to the visit.

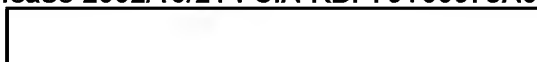
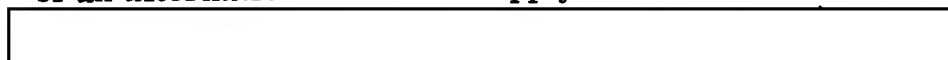
25X1A

Comment

In February, an official of the Australian External Affairs Department conceded to the American embassy that there was some drift in official thinking favoring recognition of China, although no change in Australian policy was imminent.

Australia has been Communist China's principal source for long-fiber wool. The commissioner's visit follows Sino-Uruguayan trade talks last December, which indicated Peiping might be exploring the possibility of an alternative source of supply in South America.

25X1A



25X1

Approved For Release 2002/10/21 : CIA-RDP79T00975A002400470001-3

Approved For Release 2002/10/21 : CIA-RDP79T00975A002400470001-3